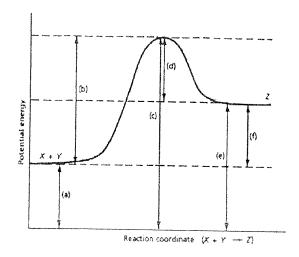
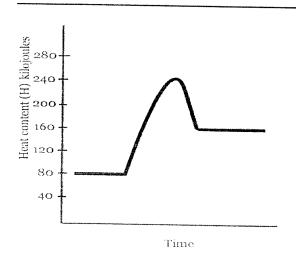
No	ame Date Period
4	Energy Ws #1: Reaction Rates
1.	Chemical reactions occur when reactants collide. For what reasons may a collision fail to produce a chemical reaction?
2.	If every collision between reactants lead to a reaction, what determines the rate a which the reaction occurs?
3.	What is the activation energy of a reaction, and how is this energy related to the activated complex of the reaction?
4.	What happens when a catalyst is used in a reaction?
5.	Name 4 things that will speed up or slow down a chemical reaction.
	Draw an energy diagram for a reaction. (label the axis) Potential energy of reactants = 350 KJ/mole Activation energy = 100 KJ/mole Potential energy of products = 250 KJ/mole
7. °	Is the reaction in # 6 exothermic or endothermic? Explain.

8. How could you lower the activation energy for the reaction in #6?

Potential Energy Diagram Worksheet



- 1. Which of the letters a—f in the diagram represents the potential energy of the products? _____
- 2. Which letter indicates the potential energy of the activated complex? _____
- 3. Which letter indicates the potential energy of the reactants?
- Which letter indicates the activation energy? _____
- 5. Which letter indicates the heat of reaction? _____
- 6. Is the reaction exothermic or endothermic?
- 7. Which letter indicates the activation energy of the reverse reaction?
- 8. Which letter indicates the heat of reaction of the reverse reaction? _____
- 9. Is the reverse reaction exothermic or endothermic? ____



- 1. The heat content of the reactants of the forward reaction is about _____ kilojoules.
- 2. The heat content of the products of the forward reaction is about _____kilojoules.
- 3. The heat content of the activated complex of the forward reaction is about _____ kilojoules.
- 4. The activation energy of the forward reaction is about _____ kilojoules.
- 5. The heat of reaction (ΔH) of the forward reaction is about _____ kilojoules.
- 6. The forward reaction is _____ (endothermic or exothermic).
- 7. The heat content of the reactants of the reverse reaction is about _____ kilojoules.
- 8. The heat content of the products of the reverse reaction is about _____ kilojoules.
- 9. The heat content of the activated complex of the reverse reaction is about _____kilojoules.
- 10. The activation energy of the reverse reaction is about ____ kilojoules.
- 11. The heat of reaction (ΔH) of the reverse reaction is about _____ kilojoules.
- 12. The reverse reaction is ______ (endothermic or exothermic).